Goa Vidyaprasarak Mandal's

GOPAL GOVIND POY RAITURCAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE AND ECONOMICS, FARMAGUDI, PONDA – GOA.

B.COM. CBCS (SEMESTER-V) REGULAR EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023 TECHNIQUES OF COSTING (DSE-3)

Duration: 2 hours Maximum marks: 80

Instructions: 1) Q. 1 is Compulsory.

- 2) Answer any **THREE** questions from Q.no.2. To Q.no.6.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate maximum marks.
- 4) Number of pages = 03/Three.
- **1.** From the following information, Prepare the income statement for the year, based on Marginal Costing techniques. (20 marks)

Total Production in units p.a.	50,000 units
Total Sales in units p.a.	30,000 units
Selling price	₹80 per unit
Production Cost:	
Direct Material `	₹ 12 per unit
Direct wages	₹ 6 per unit
Direct expenses	₹ 2 per unit
Variable Overheads	₹ 5 per unit
Production overheads (fixed)	₹ 75,000 p.a.
Office overheads (fixed)	₹ 2,60,000 p.a.
Selling & Distribution overheads:	
Fixed	₹ 90,000 p. a.
Variable	10 % on sales

2. The following were the details relating to 2 products Red and Green

(20 marks)

	Red (₹)	Green (₹)
Selling price	1600	1800
Direct material (₹ 10 per kg)	380	680
Direct wages (₹5 per hr.)	280	240
Variable overheads	200	180
Direct expenses	100	160

Total fixed overheads are ₹ 24,00,000.

- 1. Comment on the profitability of both products when:
- a. Total sales potential in units is limited.
- b. Total sales potential in value is limited.
- c. Raw material in short supply
- d. Labour hours are limited

3. The following is the standard and actual information of product P

(20 marks)

Standard Material Cost for production of 1000 units of Product P		
Material	Material Qty (Kgs)	Rate per Kg (₹)
Α	800	25
В	200	40
С	200	10
Actual Material Cost for production of 1000 units of Product P		
Material	Material Qty (Kgs)	Rate per Kg (₹)
А	785	24
В	190	42
С	180	11

Calculate the following variances:

- 1) Material Cost Variance,
- 2) Material Price Variance,
- 3) Material usage/Quantity Variance,
- 4) Material Mix Variance,
- 5) Material Yield Variance.

4. A. Following is the information of product Z.

(10 marks)

Particulars	
Selling price per unit	₹ 1,500
Variable cost per unit	₹ 900
Fixed cost	₹ 1,50,000
Actual sales quantity	900 units

Calculate:

- a. BEP (in units and sales value)
- b. Margin of safety (in units and sales value)
- c. Sales to earn a desired profit of ₹ 5,00,000.

4. B. The details regarding the composition and the weekly wage rates of labour force engaged on a job scheduled are as follows: - **(10 marks)**

STANDARD LABOUR COST to be completed in 10 weeks		
Category of workers	Number of labourers	Weekly wage Rate per labourer (₹)
Skilled	50	60
Semi-skilled	20	36
Unskilled	30	24

ACTUAL LABOUR COST completed in 12 weeks		
Category of workers	Number of labourers	Weekly wage Rate per labourer (₹)
Skilled	40	65
Semi-skilled	25	50
Unskilled	35	20

Calculate:

- 1) Labour Cost Variance,
- 2) Labour Rate Variance,
- 3) Labour Efficiency Variance.
- **5. A.** What is a "Management Control System"? Explain its benefits. (10)
 - **B.** Summarize the various steps to be taken in Performance Budgeting. (10)
- **6.** Write short notes on any 4 of the following:

 $(4 \times 5 \text{ marks} = 20)$

- a. Requisites of a Sound Transfer Pricing System.
- b. Benefits of Marginal Costing.
- c. Limitations of Standard Costing.
- d. Standard Cost v/s Estimated Cost.
- e. General Principles of a Good Reporting System.