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T.Y. B.Com. (CBCS) (Semester-V) **EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2022** Cost Accounting Major III Techniques of Costing

[Duration : 2 Hours] [Total Marks :80]

Instructions:

- Question No. 1 is Compulsory
 Answer any Three question from Q. No. 2 to Q. No. 6. 3) Figures to the right indicate maximum marks allotted.
- All Questions carry equal marks.
- 5) Enter the appropriate main & sub-question numbers in the answer-book
- You are given the following information in a respect of Billon Company.

| Particular | Amount (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net Sales | de la | 50,000 |
| Less: Variable Cost | 28,000 | |
| Less: Fixed Cost | 14.000 | 42.000 |
| Net Profit | | 8.000 |

Find:

- 1. P/V Ratio.
- BEP in Value.
- Profit when sales are of Rs. 75,000. 3.
- Sales required to earn a profit of Rs. 98,000.
- 5. Margin of safety when profit of Rs. 10,000.
- The Standard mix of Product A2 is as follows:

Materials Rate per Kg(Rs.) X Rs. 6 3,600 2,000 Rs. 4.50 2,400 Rs. 9.50

The standard loss in production is 10% of Input and there is no scrap value. Actual production for a month was 7,425 kgs. of A2 product. Actual composition and purchases of material during the March month were:

| Kgs | Materials | Rate per Kg(Rs.) |
|-------|-----------|------------------|
| 4,200 | X | Rs. 6.50 |
| 1,700 | S Y S | Rs. 4.25 |
| 2,600 | 2 Z | Rs. 9.75 |

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You are required to calculate the following variance for presentation to the management.

1. Material Cost Variance

- 2. Material Price Variance
- 3. Material Usage Variance

Company, manufacturing spare parts.

- 4. Material Mix Variance 5. Material Yield Variance
- 3. Following information has been made available from the cost records of an Amool

| Particular | Amount (Rs.) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Direct Material | 50 50 |
| X X | Rs. 8 |
| A Y O A | Rs. 6 |
| Direct Labour | 187 D |
| X | 24 Hours @0.25 paise/hr. |
| N SPY A | 16 Hours @ 0.25 paise/hr. |
| Variable Overhead | 150% of Wages |
| Fixed Cost | Rs. 750 |
| Selling Price | S 69 3V |
| O X | Rs. 25 |
| SY S | Rs. 20 |

The directors want to be acquainted with the desirability of adapting any one of the following alternatives Sales Mixes in the budget for the next period:

- a) 250 units of Product X and 250 units of Product Y.
 b) 400 units of Product Y.
- c) 400 units of Product X and 100 units of Product Y.
- d) 150 units of Product X and 350 units of Product Y.

State which of the alternative Sales mixes you would recommend to the management.

(4 X5=20)

A) From the following data of Saurab Ltd. prepare income statement under

 (a) Absorption Costing and (b) Marginal Costing. Explain briefly for the difference in profits between the two income statements.

| Opening Stock | 10,000 Units (valued at Marginal Cost Rs. 61,900 and Total Cost Rs. 72,000) |
|--------------------------|--|
| Units produced | 60,000 Units |
| Closing Stock | 4,000 Units |
| Units Sold | 66,000 Units |
| Variable Cost | Rs. 3,57,000 |
| Factory Overhead (Fixed) | Rs. 70,200 |
| Selling Cost: | |
| Variable | Rs.3,40,000 |
| Fixed | Rs. 50,000 |
| Selling Price per unit | Rs. 20 |

B) Standard Labour cost of producing 40 units of a product.

| Workers | Hours | Rate (Rs.) per hour |
|-----------|----------|---------------------|
| Skilled | 30 Hours | Rs. 60 per hour |
| Unskilled | 90 Hours | Rs. 20 per hour |

In Actual 40 units of product were produced for which Skilled workers were paid for 20 hours at Rs.55 per hour and unskilled workers were paid for 130 hours at Rs. 24 per hour.

Due to a machine break-down both Skilled and Unskilled workers lost 9 hours each. They were paid even for this time. Calculate

- 1. Labour Cost Variance
- 2. Labour Rate Variance
- 3. Labour Efficiency Variance
- 4. Idle Time Variance
- 5. A) Explain any 10 general principles of Reporting. 10
 B) What is Transfer pricing and different methods of Transfer pricing? 10
- 6. Write Short notes on any four of the following

a) Assumptions of Break-Even Analysis.

- b) Application of Profit planning in Marginal Costing.
- c) Standard Costing V/s Estimated Costing.
- d) Benefits of Balance Score card.
- Objectives of Marginal Costing.
- f) Variable Overhead Variance.