

Goa Vidyaprasarak Mandal's
GOPAL GOVIND POY RAITURCAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE AND
ECONOMICS, PONDA-GOA
B.COM. CBCS (SEMESTER-II) EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2023
MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

Duration : 2 hours

Marks: 80

Instructions:

- i) All questions are compulsory however internal choice is available.
- ii) Figures to the right in brackets indicate marks.
- iii) Use of non-programmable calculators is allowed.

Q. 1 Answer **any 4** of the following questions in not more than 100 words: **(4x4=16)**

- I. Going rate pricing.
- II. Objectives of pricing policy **(any two)**.
- III. Profit limiting factors **(any two)**.
- IV. Assumptions of Break Even Analysis **(any four)**.
- V. Meaning of capital budgeting.
- VI. Sources of funds for long term financing **(any two)**.

Q. 2 Answer **any 4** of the following questions in not more than 100 words: **(4x4=16)**

- a. Average Rate of Return (ARR).
- b. Social cost benefits analysis.
- c. Meaning of cost of capital.
- d. Sources of Business Risk **(any two)**.
- e. Risk Premium.
- f. Assumptions of Game theory **(any four)**.

Q. 3. a) Explain the following pricing strategy- **(4x3=12)**

- i) Full Cost Pricing ii) Marginal Cost Pricing iii) Target Return Pricing

OR

Q. 3. b) Describe the following pricing strategies- **(4x3=12)**

- x) Price skimming y) Penetration pricing z) Peak load pricing

Q.4 a) Vedanta Ltd. has following figures- (12)

Selling price =50/-

Variable cost per unit = 20/-

Fixed cost = 40,000/-

Actual sales= 10,000 units

Target profit = 20,000/-

Calculate 1) contribution margin 2) c/s Ratio 3) Break Even points in units 4) Break Even point in Rupees 5) Margin of safety 6) Target sales volume (in units).

OR

Q.4 X) Explain the meaning and any two methods of profit forecasting. (6)

Q.4 Y) Tata steel Ltd. has following figures- (6)

Selling price =40/-

Variable cost per unit = 20/-

Fixed cost = 50,000/-

Calculate 1) contribution margin

2) Break Even points in units

3) Break Even point in rupees.

Q.5.a) Explain steps in capital budgeting. (6)

Q.5.b) Calculate payback period of the following project and rank the most desirable project on the basis of payback period criterion. (6)

Project	Initial Cost(I) in Rs.	Annual cash flow (C) in Rs.
A	5,00,000	1,00,000
B	4,00,000	50,000
C	6,00,000	1,50,000
D	7,00,000	70,000
E	6,00,000	2,00,000
F	6,00,000	1,00,000

OR

Q.5.x) Write a short note on Internal Rate of Return method (4)

Q.5.y) From the following data, calculate Net Present Value (NPV) and Profitability Index and give your decision. (8)

The cost of a machine is 70,000, Life = 6 years, Discount rate = 8%. The annual cash flow and Present value factor @ 8% is given as follows-

Year	Annual cash flow (Rs.)	Present value Factor @ 8%
1	20,000	0.926
2	20,000	0.857
3	24,000	0.794
4	28,000	0.735
5	24,000	0.681
6	10,000	0.63

Q.6.a) Explain in brief following methods to decide selection of project- **(12)**

- i. Risk adjusted discount rate.
- ii. Certainty equivalent method
- iii. Decision tree analysis method.

OR

Q.6.X) Explain the meaning and structure of Game theory. **(12)**