# Goa Vidyaprasarak Mandal's <br> GOPAL GOVIND POY RAITURCAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE AND ECONOMICS,PONDA - GOA <br> <br> B.C.A. (SEMESTER - II) SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION <br> <br> B.C.A. (SEMESTER - II) SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION MAY/JUNE 2016 MAY/JUNE 2016 COST ACCOUNTING 

 COST ACCOUNTING}

Duration: 2 hrs

## INSTRUCTIONS:

1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Use of calculator is allowed.
Q.1. A) Answer the following:
3) Define variable cost.
4) What is cost of goods sold?
5) What is abnormal Gain?
6) Define job order costing?
7) What do you understand by standard cost?
Q.2. A) Following is the information obtained from the books of "Ranjeet \& Company Ltd" for the year ended December 2015.

| Particulars | Amount <br> () | Particulars | Amount <br> () |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Salesman's salary | 4,000 | Opening stock of work <br> in progress | 45,000 |
| Manager's salary | 15,000 | Packing charges | 6,600 |
| Direct expenses | 14,200 | Purchases of materials <br> Closing stock of <br> fork in progress of | 20,000 |
| finished goods | 7,000 |  |  |
| Income tax | 12,900 | Factory supervisor's <br> salary | 5,400 |
| Motive power | 7,000 | Carriage inward | 2,500 |
| Opening stock of <br> finished goods | 15,000 | Gas and water (factory) | 3,900 |
| Opening stock of <br> raw materials | $1,59,900$ | Other factory expenses | 2,200 |
| Carriage outward | 4,500 | Depreciation on factory <br> machinery | 5,400 |
| Direct wages | 8,900 | Closing stock of raw <br> materials | 69,000 |

Office overheads to be calculated $80 \%$ of works cost.
Manager's salary is to be apportioned on equal basis to factory and sales.
You are required to prepare a statement of cost for the year ended December 2015 , assuming that the percentage of profit is $25 \%$ on cost.

## OR

Q.2.B i) Differentiate between cost accounting and financial accounting.
$B$ ii) Define a statement of cost. Explain in detail the purpose of it.
Q.3. A i) M/s Mumtaj \& Co/- Furnishes you the following information regarding their receipts and issues of materials during the month of January 2016.

| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ |  |  | Units |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Price(') |  |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ Jan | Purchased | 70 | 2.00 |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Jan | Purchased | 190 | 2.20 |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ Jan | purchased | 210 | --25 |
| $6^{\text {th }}$ Jan | Issued | 20 | 2.20 |
| $8^{\text {th }}$ Jan | Purchased | 80 | -- |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ Jan | Issued | 200 | 2.40 |
| $15^{\text {th }}$ Jan | Purchased | 240 | -- |
| $25^{\text {th }}$ Jan | Issued | 120 | 2.30 |
| $27^{\text {th }}$ Jan | Purchased | 130 | ---- |
| $28^{\text {th }}$ Jan | Issued |  |  |

Ascertain the quantity of closing stock as on $31^{\text {st }}$ January 2016 and state its value using LIFO method of inventory valuation.

## OR

Q. 3 Bi) Krishna enterprises has provided you the following information regarding their product, for the year ended 31/12/2015.
Maximum consumption 260 units per day
Minimum consumption 120 units per day
Normal consumption 200 units per day
Reorder quantity 10000 units
Reorder period 25 to 30 days
You are required to calculate:
Maximum stock level, Minimum stock level, Reorder level, Average stock level.
B ii) Explain the following.
a) $A B C$ analysis
b) First in first out method of inventory valuation.
Q. $4 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{i)} \mathrm{Calculate} \mathrm{the} \mathrm{total} \mathrm{earnings} \mathrm{and} \mathrm{the} \mathrm{rate} \mathrm{earned} \mathrm{per} \mathrm{hour} \mathrm{of} \mathrm{three} \mathrm{workmen}$, under the Halsey and rowan plan, the bonus under the Halsey plan is $50 \%$ of time saved.
Standard time 24 hrs,
Halsey rate of wages per hr ` 4.00
Time taken by workman A: 22 hrs
Time taken by workman B: 20 hrs
Time taken by workman C: 12 hrs
A ii) Explain the following:
a) Time rate system
b) Taylor's piece rate system

## OR

Q. 4 B) Explain the following:
a) Direct labour \& indirect labour
b) Idle time
c) Overtime
d) Causes of Labour Turnover
Q. 5 A) Product $Z$ is obtained after it passes through three distinct processes. The following information is obtained from the accounts for the month ending March $31^{\text {st }} 2016$.

\begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{ Process } <br>
\cline { 2 - 5 } \& Total (`) \& I() \& II () \& III (') <br>
\hline Direct materials \& 7,542 \& 2,600 \& 1,980 \& 2,962 <br>
\hline Direct wages \& 9,000 \& 2,000 \& 3,000 \& 4,000 <br>

\hline | Production |
| :--- |
| overheads | \& 9,000 \& --- \& --- \& --- <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

1000 units @ ` 3 each were introduced in process I. there was no stock of material or work in progress at the beginning or at the end of the period. The output of each process passes directly to the next process and finally to finished stock. Production overheads are to be distributed as $100 \%$ on direct wages.

| \% of normal loss to | Process I | Process II | Process III |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| input |  |  |  |$\quad 5 \%$ 10\% $\quad 150$

Prepare process accounts.

## OR

Q. 5 B) $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}$ Bahubali Construction $\mathrm{Co} /-$ took a contract for construction of a building for - $12,00,000$ on $1^{\text {st }}$ January 2015. The following information is available. You are informed that it is the practice of the company to take credit for $60 \%$ of the profit earned on the contracts in progress.

| Direct Material issued | $3,25,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Direct Labour | $4,00,000$ |
| Plant installed at cost | $2,50,000$ |
| Establishment charges | 75,000 |
| Direct expenses | $1,00,000$ |
| Work certified by architect | $10,50,000$ |
| Cost of work not certified | 50,000 |
| Value of plant as at 31/12/2015 | $2,00,000$ |
| Materials at site on 31/12/2015 | 25,000 |
| Cash received from contractor | $9,45,000$ |

You are required to show the contract account as on 31/12/2015.

