## Pg 1 of 3

## Goa Vidyaprasarak Mandal's <br> GOPAL GOVIND POY RAITURCAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE AND ECONOMICS, PONDA-GOA <br> B.C.A. CBCS (SEMESTER - I) EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 2019 BUSINESS ACCOUNTING GENERAL ELECTIVE COURSE

Duration: 2 hours
Marks: 60
INSTRUCTIONS:
Question 1-6 are compulsory.
ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
Q.1.A. What is Accounting? Explain any three scope of accounting. $\quad\left(5^{*} 1=05\right)$

B Accounting as a financial information system.
Q.2. A. During January 2019, Anil Kumar transacted the following business. You are required to make journal entries and prepare the necessary ledger accounts.

| January <br> 2019 | Particulars | Amount |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 1 | Commenced business with cash | 20,000 |
| 2 | Purchased goods on credit from Ram | 15,000 |
| 3 | Purchased goods for cash | 500 |
| 4 | Paid Gopal an advance for goods ordered | 1,000 |
| 5 | Received cash from Murthy as advance for <br> goods ordered by him | 1,500 |
| 7 | Paid Wages | 250 |
| 8 | Received commission in cash | 300 |
| 9 | Goods returned to Shyam | 100 |
| 10 | Goods sold to Kamal | 5,000 |
| 11 | Paid for postage and telegrams | 100 |

## OR

B Write short notes on.
(i) What is a Cash Book? Explain its types.
(ii) Journal
Q.3.A. Enter the following transactions in an Analytical Petty Cash Book under the Imprest System and balance it:
December 2018
4. Received a cheque towards Petty Cash 300

Paid Cartage 20
5. Paid taxi fare 30
6. Purchased stationary 20
7. Postage and Telegrams 23
8. Wages paid 18
10. Paid for Repairs to chairs 24
11. Postage stamps 26
12. Sent subscription for newspapers 46
13. Refreshments to customers 40
14. Paid Rajan in settlement of his account 15

## OR

B.1) What do you meant by Depreciation? Explain its causes.
2) Explain any two methods of Depreciation

## Pg 2 of 3

Q.4A. From the following trial balance of Animish Ltd. prepare the balance sheet of the company as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2018 as per Schedule III of the Companies Act

Trial balance as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2018

|  | Amount |  | Amount |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Advances to employees | $3,00,000$ | Equity share capital | $52,00,000$ |
| Cash at Bank | $3,14,320$ | Capital reserve | 60,000 |
| Furniture and Fixture | $7,50,000$ | Loan from SBI | $8,00,000$ |
| Premises | $41,09,940$ | Provision for <br> employees welfare <br> fund | $6,00,000$ |
| Patents | $10,00,000$ | Proposed Dividend | $1,64,000$ |
| Discount on issue of <br> shares (unwritten off) | 25,000 | Short term loan from <br> Bank | $4,90,200$ |
| Trade receivables | $3,66,240$ | Unpaid Dividend | 64,800 |
| Advance Tax | 50,000 | Profit \& loss A/c | 42,980 |
| 8\% Govt Bonds | $3,36,000$ | Bills Payable | 85,100 |
| Stock in Trade | $3,55,600$ | Sundry Creditors | $1,00,020$ |
|  | $76,07,100$ | $76,07,100$ |  |

## OR

Q.4.B. You are given the following extracts of ledger balances taken from Chatur Co. Ltd. for the year ending $31{ }^{\text {st }}$ March 2018.Prepare a statement of P\&L as per revised schedule - III.

| Particulars | ‘ | Particulars |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :---: |
| Opening stock of finished <br> Goods | $1,90,500$ | Goodwill written <br> off | 18,000 |
| Cost of material consumed | $2,92,000$ | Sales returns | 17,000 |
| Salaries to office staff | 68,000 | Provision for bad <br> debts | 8,200 |
| Closing stock of finished <br> goods | $2,03,000$ | Delivery expenses | 7,200 |
| Interest on debenture paid | 16,250 |  <br> stationary | 22,600 |
| General expenses | 8,250 | Factory expenses | 82,000 |
| Discount earned | 4,900 | Bonus to <br> employees | 32,000 |
| Cash sales | $2,66,000$ | Depreciation on <br> Plant and <br> Machinery | 50,000 |
| Credit sales | $3,87,500$ | 11,500 |  |
| Income tax refund | 30,000 |  |  |
| Provision for taxation |  |  |  |

Q.5.A. On $1^{\text {st }}$ July 2009 Ridima Ltd. purchased a machinery costing `20,000 and spent` 3,000 on its installation. On $1^{\text {st }}$ January 2010 company bought a new machinery costing `12,000 . On 30th June 2011 company sold machinery for` 8,000 Which was purchased on 1/01/10.
On $1^{\text {st }}$ July 2011 machinery was purchased for Rs.15000. Depreciation is provided @ 10 under Straight line Method. Prepare Machinery account for all the years. Accounts are closed on $31^{\text {st }}$ March every year.

## OR

## Pg 3 of 3

Q.5.B. On $1^{\text {st }}$ January 2010 Sri Ltd. purchased a machinery costing `36,000 and spent` 4,000 on its installation .on $1^{\text {st }}$ July 2010 another machinery was purchased costing `20,000 .on \(1^{\text {st }}\) July 2012 company sold machinery which was purchased on \(1^{\text {st }}\) January 2010 for` 12,000 and a new machinery was purchased for `64,000 on the same date. Depreciation is provided @ 10 under reducing balance method. Prepare Machinery account for all the years. Q.6. A. Akar Ltd Co. Issues a prospectus inviting applications for 50000 equity shares of` 100 each at a discount of $10 \%$ (allowed at the time of allotment).

The amount is payable as follows:
On Application `25 per share On Allotment` 30 per share
On First Call `15 per share On Final Call` 20 per share
Applications were received for 50000 shares and allotment was made. All the moneys were duly received. Kedar holding 500 shares paid the entire amount on his shares along with the allotment money. Pass the Journal entries in the books of Akar Ltd.

## OR

Q.6.B. 1) What is meant by Equity Shares and Preference Shares.?
2) Explain calls -in-arrears and calls -in-advance of shares.

