

B.Com. (Semester - V) Examination, October/November 2017 Major - I: Cost and Management Accounting METHODS OF COSTING (New Course)

Duration: 2 Hours

Instructions: 1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

2) Answer any three questions from Question No. 2 to Question No. 6.

3) Figures to the **right** indicate maximum marks.

4) Working notes should form part of the answer.

1. Clean Flooring Company manufactured and sold 5,000 mops in the year ended 31st March 2017. The Summarized Trading and Profit and Loss A/c was as follows:

31st March 2017. The Summanzou	7 .00 9 110110 0		FR PHIRM
The Marketon Street Market Williams	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
Particulars	4,00,000	By Sales	20,00,000
To Cost of materials	6,00,000		
To Direct wages To Manufacturing expenses	2,50,000		
To Gross profit c/d	7,50,000		00 00 000
10 Gross profit ord	20,00,000	9,000 9,000	20,00,000
To Management and staff salaries To Rent and insurance To Selling expenses To General expenses To Net profit	3,00,000		7,50,000
	50,000	edines for fudence?	Cost of wor
	1,50,000		
	1,00,000	191 December 2019	o beleigned x
	1,50,000	contract accounts for	
	7,50,000		7,50,000

For the year ending 31st March 2018, it was estimated that:

- 1) Output and Sales of mops would increase by 20% over last year.
- 2) Prices of raw materials would rise by 20% on the previous year's level.
- 3) Wage rates would rise by 5%
- 4) Manufacturing expenses would rise in proportion to the combined cost of materials and wages.
- 5) Selling expenses per unit would remain the same.
- 6) Other expenses will remain unchanged by the rise in output.

P.T.O.

Prepare:

- a) Cost Sheet for the year ended 31st March 2017, showing cost as well as profit per unit.
- b) Estimated Cost Sheet for the year ended 31st March 2018, showing the price at which mops should be sold to earn a profit of 10% on selling price.
- 2. M/s Skylights and Co. undertook a contract for construction of a small children's park, at a contract price of Rs. 3,50,000, on 1st May 2014. The contractee agrees to pay 90% of the work done as certified by the architect, immediately on receipt of the certificate and pay the balance on completion of the contract.

A machine costing Rs. 5,000 was specially bought and used for the contract. The value of the machine as on 31st December 2014, 2015 and 2016 was Rs. 4,000, Rs. 2,500 and Rs. 1,000 respectively.

The work done and certified by the architect as at the end of year 2014 and 2015 was Rs. 87,500 and Rs. 2,82,500 respectively.

The other expenses of the contract for the three years period were as follows:

Particulars	the three years period were as follows:		
Materials issued to site Wages paid Direct expenses	2014 25,000 22,500	2015 55,000 57,500 -	2016 31,500
Indirect expenses	1,750	6,250	42,500 2,250
Cost of work done but not certified The accounts were closed on 31st December 1.	750	1,000	nam-ganaly
Were closed on 21st D	37.	5,000	Bont and Ins

The accounts were closed on 31st December every year and the contract work completed on 31st December 2016.

Prepare the contract accounts for the three years period respectively, in the books of the contractor.

3. Prakash Automobiles distributes its goods to a regional dealer using a single lorry. The dealer's premises are 40 kms. away by road. The lorry has a capacity of 10 tonnes and makes the journey twice a day fully loaded on the outward journey and 20% empty on the return journey. The following information is Petrol consumption – 16 kms per litro

Petrol cost - Rs. 60 per litre.

Oil - Rs. 200 per week.

Driver's wages - Rs. 800 per week.

20

seming expenses per unit w

6. V. m:30 STRI G. G. POY RAITURCAL COLLEGE OF COMMERCE & SS TMQ7 LIBRARY

10

Repairs - Rs. 100 per week.

Garage rent - Rs. 500 per week.

Cost of single lorry - Rs. 12,20,000.

Life of the lorry - 10 years.

Insurance premium - Rs. 16,500 per annum.

Estimated sale value of lorry at the end of its life - Rs. 50,000

Vehicle licence cost - Rs. 11,300 per annum.

Other overheads cost - Rs. 41,600 per annum.

The lorry operates on a five day week.

- a) Prepare a statement to show the total cost of operating the vehicle for a four week period analysed into fixed costs and running costs.
- b) Calculate the vehicle cost per tonne-kilometre.
- 4. A Product passes through three processes A, B and C after which it is transferred to the finished stock account. The following information is given for the month of September 2017.

September 2017. Particulars	Process	Process B	Process	Finished stock	
Direct materials (Rs.) Direct wages (Rs.) Production overheads (Rs.) Closing stock (Rs.) Profit % on transfer price	12,000 9,000 8,400 3,000 25%	12,600 9,000 3,600 3,600 20%	18,000 9,600 24,000 2,400 20%	9,000	

Stock in processes are valued at prime cost and finished stock has been valued at the price at which it was received from process C. Sales during the period were Rs. 1,75,000.

You are required to prepare:

- a) Process cost accounts showing the profit element at each stage.
- b) Finished stock account.
- 5. A) Hardcore Ltd. operates a chemical process which produces four products P, Q, R and S, from a basic raw material and provides you the following data:
 - 1) Basic Raw material 1,25,000 units @ Rs. 2
 - 2) Initial processing wages Rs. 1,50,000
 - 3) Initial processing overheads Rs. 1,00,000
 - 4) Output, selling prices and additional processing costs.

	in gas 770			
Products	Output	Selling price p. u. at split off point	after further	Additional Processing Costs after split off point
	(Illnita)	Mariting and the second	processing	VIVA BIGHE 10 T20.3
D. D.	(Units)	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
P	10,000	40	70	
Q	20,000	30	Alade I	2,50,000
R	30,000		65	3,00,000
	The second secon	20	40	7,50,000
S	40,000	10	20	2,00,000

Prepare a statement apportioning joint costs on the basis of Net Realizable Value method.

B) The information given below has been taken from the cost records of a factory in respect of Job no. 4321.

Dept. A Dept. B Dept. C

Particulars

Dept. A

Dept. B

Dept. C

Materials Consumed

Rs. 4,000

Rs. 1,000

Rs. 1,500

Direct labour

Wage rate per hour

Rs. 3

Rs. 4

Rs. 5

Direct labour hours

300

200

400

In accordance with the company's policy, the following are chargeable to the jobs.

Fixed production overheads - Rs. 5 per direct labour hour.

Fixed administration overheads - 80% of works cost.

Profit markup - 20% of selling price.

Calculate the total cost and selling price of Job no. 4321.

- 6. Answer any four of the following:
 - a) Write a short note on "Equivalent Production".
 - b) Give the difference between "joint-products" and "by-products".
 - c) What do you mean by "Escalation Clause"?
 - d) Explain the term 'Overheads' in preparation of a cost sheet. What are the different types?
 - e) Explain in brief the various undertakings where operating costing is applied.

20