

Goa Vidyaprasarak Mandal' s  
Gopal Govind Poy Raiturcar College of Commerce and Economics  
Farmagudi Ponda Goa  
B.Com. (Semester II) Examination, April 2017  
**MATHEMATICAL TECHNIQUES**

**Duration:- 2 Hours**

**Marks:-80**

**Q1 Attempt the following.**

**(4 x 5 = 20)**

- a) In how much time will Rs.5,000 at 3 % p.a. produce the same income as Rs.10,000 in 2 years at 3% p.a. simple interest?
- b) Show that the points (5,4), (2,3), and (1,0) are the vertices of an isosceles triangle.
- c) A function  $f$  is given as:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x + 5, & \text{for } -3 \leq x < -1 \\ 2x + 1, & \text{for } -1 \leq x < 2 \\ 2 - x, & \text{for } 2 \leq x \leq 4 \end{cases}$$

Find  $f(-2)$ ,  $f(2)$ ,  $f(3)$ ,  $f(1)$ .

- d) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$   
 i)  $y = x^2 \log x$     ii)  $y = (a^x - 5x + 4)^5$
- e) Find the equation of line having slope  $3/4$  and Y-intercept -6.

**OR**

**QI Attempt the following.**

**(4 x 5 = 20)**

- p) In how many years will sum of money be doubled at 25% p.a. simple interest?
- q) A(2,1) and B(4,3) are two points. If B is the mid-point of segment AC, find the co-ordinates of the point C.
- r) If  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x + 1$ , for what value of x is  $f(2x) = 2f(x)$ ?
- s) Differentiate with respect to x  
 i)  $y = \frac{3x + 5}{5x - 7}$     ii)  $y = \sqrt{3x^2 + 2} + e^x$
- t) Find the equation of the line passing through the point of intersection of the lines  $2x + y = 3$ ,  $x - 3y = 12$  and through the point (2,3).

**Q2 Attempt the following.****(4 x 5 = 20)**

- a) Find the value of  $x$  if the triangle whose vertices are  $A(x,-4)$ ,  $B(2,3)$  and  $C(4,-1)$  is right angled at  $C$ .
- b) What sum of money will amount to Rs.73,502.58 in 3 years at 7 % p. a. compound interest?
- c) Find i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 7x + 10}{x^2 - 4}$       ii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{4+x} - \sqrt{4-x}}{x}$
- d) Evaluate the following integrals:  
 i)  $\int (x-3)(x+5)dx$       ii)  $\int (3x + \frac{2}{x} - e^x)dx$
- e) The demand function for a commodity is given by  $p=16 - \frac{x^2}{4}$ . Find  
 i) the total revenue function and ii) marginal revenue at  $x=1$ .

**OR****QII Attempt the following.****(4 x 5 = 20)**

- p)  $A(m,5)$  and  $B(-4,n)$  are the end point of a segment and  $C(2,-1)$  is the midpoint. Find  $m$  and  $n$ .
- q) Find the future value of Rs.20,00,000 after 3 years if the compound interest rate is 8 % p.a.
- r) Examine for continuity at  $x=0$ , the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{2+x} - \sqrt{2-x}}{x} & \text{for } x \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } x = 0 \end{cases}$$

- s) Evaluate the following integrals:  
 i)  $\int \frac{x^4 - 6}{x^2} dx$       ii)  $\int (3x+4)(2x-3)dx$
- t) At what rate of compound interest would an amount double itself in 3 years? Given that  $2^{\frac{1}{3}} = 1.2611$  approximately.

**Q3 Attempt the following.****(4 x 5 = 20)**

- a) Solve the following L.P.P. by graphical method.  
 Maximize  $Z = 800x + 100y$  subject to  
 .  $4x + 6y \leq 120$   
 .  $10x + 3y \leq 180$   
 .  $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$ .

b) Find the maximum and minimum value of the function

$$f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + x + 10$$

c) If  $D = 25 - 3p - p^2$  is a demand function, find elasticity of demand when  $p = 3$ .

d) If  $u = x^3 + x^2y + y^3$ , prove that

$$x \frac{\delta u}{\delta x} + y \frac{\delta u}{\delta y} = 3u.$$

e) Differentiate with respect to x

$$\text{i) } y = (x^3 + 4)(1 + \log x) \quad \text{ii) } y = \frac{x^2 - 1}{2x + 1}$$

**OR**

**QIII Attempt the following.**

**(4 x 5 = 20)**

p) Solve the following L.P.P. by graphical method.

Minimize  $Z = 25x + 40y$  subject to

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot & \quad x + y \geq 10 \\ \cdot & \quad 6x + 4y \geq 48 \\ \cdot & \quad x \geq 0, \quad y \geq 0. \end{aligned}$$

q) The supply function for a commodity is given by  $y = 20 - 3x - 3x^2$  where y is demand and x is price. Find the price elasticity of supply when  $x=2$ .

r) If  $z = 3x^2 + 2xy + 5xy^2$  find  $\frac{\delta^2 z}{\delta x \delta y}$  and  $\frac{\delta^2 z}{\delta y \delta x}$

s) A sum of money amounts to Rs.45,980 in 3 years and to Rs.48,640 in 4 years at a certain rate of simple interest. Find the sum and rate.

t) The demand function for a commodity is given by  $p = 45 - 3x - 4x^2$ . Find the consumers surplus when  $x=2$ .

**Q 4 Attempt the following.**

**(4 x 5 = 20)**

a) Find the equation of the line passing through the points (1,-2) and (-3,4).

b) A sum of money is invested for 2 years at a certain rate. If it had been invested at a rate 2 % higher than the present rate, it would have given Rs.1,300 more as simple interest. Find the sum.

c) Evaluate the integral  $\int_1^3 (1 - 2x) dx$ .

- d) Find the total revenue function and demand function, if the marginal revenue function is given as  $MR = 7 - 4x$ .
- e) The demand function for a commodity is  $p = 20 - 2D - D^2$ . Find the consumers surplus when  $D_1 = 3$ .

**OR**

**Q IV Attempt the following.**

**(4 x 5 = 20)**

- p) Find the equation of the line passing through (5,-1) and the sum of whose intercepts on the co-ordinate axes as 8.
- q) A sum of Rs.6,55,000 is invested in a fixed deposit giving 10% p.a. compound interest. Find the interest in the 4<sup>th</sup> year.
- r) Find the value of  $\int_2^3 x(x+1)dx$ .
- s) The supply function for a commodity is  $p = q^2 + 10$ . Find the producers surplus when the price per unit of the commodity is Rs.35.
- t) The marginal cost function for producing x items is given by  $MC = 3x^2 + 5x - 4$ . Find the total cost function and the average cost function if the fixed cost is Rs.1000.

End