## Goa Vidyaprasarak Mandal's GOPAL GOVIND POY RAITURCAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE AND ECONOMICS PONDA-GOA

# B.COM (SEMESTER - I) SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2016 COST ACCOUNTING (FOUNDATION COURSE) 

Duration: 2 Hours

Marks: 80

Instructions :- 1) Q.No. 1 is compulsory
2) Answer ANY THREE questions from Q.No. 2 to Q.No. 6
3) All questions carry equal marks
4) Working note should be part of the answer.
Q.1. The stores ledger account of material ' H ' in the books of Cement Process Ltd. revealed the following transaction for the month of January 2016.

| 01 January 2016 | Opening stock 1000kgs @ `37.50 per kg \\ \hline 03 January 2016 & Received from supplier 2000kgs @ ` 38.75 per kg |
| :--- | :--- |
| 09 January 2016 | Issued to production department 1200kgs |
| 13 January 2016 | Issued to production department 800 kgs |
| 19 January 2016 | Purchased 2500kgs @ `39.5 per kg \\ \hline 21 January 2016 & Issued 2000kgs \\ \hline 23 January 2016 & Received 1250 kgs @`40 per kg |
| 26 January 2016 | Purchased 3000kgs @ `41.25 per kg |
| 28 January 2016 | Issued 1750kgs |
| 30 January 2016 | Issued 1300kgs |
| 31 January 2016 | Issued 1700kgs |

You are required to price the issue and draw out the Closing balance under the
a) Last in First out Method.
b) Simple Average Method.
Q.2.A) In manufacturing a product a company uses two materials 'Rubber' and
'Sand' in respect of which the following information is available:
Normal usage 100 units per week each
Minimum usage 50 units per week each
Maximum usage 150 units per week each
Reorder
Quantity
Delivery period
'Rubber'- 800 units
'Sand' - 1200 units
'Rubber'- 4 to 6 weeks
'Sand' - 2 to 4 weeks

Calculate for each component:
(a) Reorder level
(b) Minimum level
(c) Maximum level
(d) Average stock level
Q.2.B) Write a short note on Bin Card.
Q.3.A) Ahmed Ltd. received a consignment of two materials viz. ' $T$ ' and ' $Q$ ' . The invoice showed the following:

| Particulars | ` \\ \hline Material 'T' 800kgs @`5 per kg | 4000 |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Material 'Q' 600kgs @`3.75 per kg | 2250 |  |
| Less : Trade Discount | 6250 |  |
|  | 500 |  |
| Other charge: Tax ,insurance | 5750 |  |
| Cost of containers( returnable at 75\% of their | 350 |  |
| value |  |  |
| Freight | 2500 |  |
| Carriage | 210 |  |
|  | 140 |  |
|  | 8950 |  |

Q.3.B) State and explain merits of Cost accounting.
Q.4.A) The following extract of costing information related to commodity ' K ' for the year ending $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2016.

| Particulars | ' |
| :--- | ---: |
| Purchase of Raw material | 60000 |
| Direct wages | 50000 |
| Rent rates and insurance of factory | 5000 |
| Carriage inward | 1000 |
| Stock on 1 |  |
| Raw material | 10000 |
| Finished products ( 2000 tones) | 8000 |
| Stock on 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ March 2016 |  |
| Raw material | 11000 |
| Finished products (4000 tones) | 16050 |
| Depreciation on Machine | 5000 |
| Depreciation on furniture | 1000 |
| Office lighting | 500 |
| General expenses | 1000 |
| Works managers salary | 500 |
| Office rent | 2400 |
| Work in progress on 1 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ April 2015 | 8000 |
| Work in progress on 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ March 2016 | 1000 |
| Stationary | 8000 |
| Factory water and gas |  |

Adjustment:
a) Profit is $20 \%$ on sales
b) Selling overheads is Re. 0.40 per tone sold. 32000 tones of the commodity were produced during the year.
c) Stationary cost to be equally apportioned between Factory and office.
d) Calculate factory overhead as a percentage of direct wage.
Q.4.B) Short note on Perpetual Inventory.
(4)
Q.5.A) The purchase department of your organization has received an offer of Quantity discount on its order of material as under:

| Tonnes | Price per ton ${ }^{`}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Less than 500 | 700 |
| 500 and less than 1000 | 690 |
| 1000 and less than 2000 | 680 |
| 2000 and less than 3000 | 670 |
| 3000 and above | 660 |

The annual requirement of the material is 2500 tons. The delivery cost per order is `600 and the annual stock holding is estimated at 20 per cent of the average inventory.
The purchase department wants you to consider the following purchase options and advice which among them will be the most economic ordering quantity, presenting the relevant information in a tabular form.
The Purchase quantity options to be considered are: 400 tons, 500 tons, 1000 tons, 2000 tons and 3000 tons.
Q.5.B) Write a short note on types of discounts.
Q.6) Write a short note on ANY FOUR.
( $4 \times 5=20$ )
a) EOQ
b) $A B C$ analysis
c) Objectives of Cost accounting
d) Purchase Procedure
e) Types of Stores

